Weekly Fish and Water Operations Outlook 2/21/2023 – 2/27/2023

Water Project Operational Intent for Week

* 2/21: CVP exports at Jones PP operate to OMR less negative than or equal to –5,000 cfs. which is 3,500 cfs with ITP restrictions (NO use of Intertie between DMC and Ca. Aqueduct) and 4,200 cfs with No ITP restrictions. SWP exports at Clifton Court are at 2,000 cfs (proportional share) per ITP restriction under COA 8.4.2 (with OMR less negative than or equal to –3,500 cfs);
* 2/22-2/27: Reassessment at SMT for an OMR less negative than or equal to -5,000 cfs.

Biological Justification

* ITP COA 8.4.2 triggered based on SLS # 4. Per WOMT, OMR limit set at –3,500 cfs for Monday and Tuesday; reassess this limit at weekly SMT, and provide recommendation to WOMT.

Forecasted Weather

* Colder, unsettled weather Tuesday through Saturday, with potential for significant snow in foothills and mountains; rainfall expectation is limited.

Tables

Table 1: Anticipated weekly operational ranges by tributary. Environmental and fish conditions updated by respective watershed groups at varying intervals that may not coincide with the weekly range of Water Operations

| Tributary/Division | Anticipated Weekly Ranges | Related Environmental and Fish Conditions |
| --- | --- | --- |
| Clear Creek | * Current Release: 200 cfs. Anticipated Weekly Range of Releases: 200 cfs. | * Spring-run Chinook Salmon juveniles are rearing/emigrating. * Fall-run Chinook Salmon fry and juveniles are rearing/emigrating. * Late fall-run Chinook Salmon are spawning, and eggs are incubating in the gravel. * *O. mykiss* adults are spawning, and eggs are incubating in the gravel. *(updated 2/14/2023)* |
| Sacramento River | * Shasta Storage: 2.676 MAF * Current Release: 3,250 cfs * Anticipated Weekly Range of Releases: 3,250 cfs. | * Spring-run Chinook salmon fry have completed final redd emergence and are rearing or migrating downstream. * Winter-run Chinook juvenile salmon are migrating downstream. Winter-run and spring-run Chinook salmon (length-at-date) juveniles are being caught in low numbers and genetics being taken to confirm run assignment. * Fall-run Chinook salmon spawning is complete. Carcass surveys for fall-run have ended. Fall-run juveniles from October spawners have emerged, Nov-Dec spawner juveniles remain in the gravel for up to another few weeks. * Late fall-run Chinook salmon are spawning and eggs in gravel. Carcass surveys are underway. Late-fall spawning can occur up to late March but majority of spawning will be complete by the end of January. * Fall-run juveniles, according to length-at-date-criteria, are being caught in decreasing numbers at the RBDD rotary traps. (updated 2/13/23) |
| Feather River | * Oroville Storage: 2.489 MAF * Current Release: 950 cfs * Anticipated Weekly Range of Releases: 950 cfs * Daily temperature maximum: 55 F at Fish Hatchery | * Fall-run Chinook salmon fry are emerging and are rearing/moving downstream. * Spring-run Chinook salmon fry are emerging and are rearing/moving downstream. * *O. mykiss* Adult spawning is coming to an end, eggs are in gravel and incubating.. *(updated 2/14/2023)* |
| American River | * Folsom Storage: 525 TAF * Current Release: 4,000 cfs * Anticipated Weekly Range of Releases: 3,000 cfs to 4,000 cfs | * Adult fall-run Chinook Salmon have completed spawning. Eggs are incubating in gravel and fry are emerging from redds. * Redd and carcass surveys have ended. * Juvenile and adult *O. mykiss* are present. Adult steelhead are spawning in river.   (*updated 1/30/23*) |
| Stanislaus River | * New Melones Storage: 1.062 MAF * Current Release: 200 cfs * Anticipated Range of Weekly Releases: 200 cfs to 900 cfs | * Juvenile and adult *O. mykiss* are present. * Adult fall-run Chinook salmon spawning has ended. Eggs are incubating in gravel. Fry are emerging from redds and beginning to migrate downstream. * *(updated 2/13/23)* |
| Delta | * Freeport: 14,000 to 18,000 cfs * Vernalis: 3,000 to 3,500 cfs * Delta Outflow index: 13,000 to 17,000 cfs * Combined Exports: 5,500 to 7,200 cfs * JPP: Current 3,500 cfs, Range 3,500 cfs – 4,200 cfs * CCF: Current 2,000 cfs Range 2,000 cfs to 3,000 cfs * Expected Daily OMR Index Values: -3,500 to -5,000 cfs * DCC Gates: Closed as of 11/28 and expected to remain closed for seasonal operation. | * Adult O. mykiss present. * Spring-run and winter-run Chinook salmon juveniles are moving downstream and into the Delta. * Adult and juvenile Green Sturgeon present * Adult Delta Smelt migration has ended and spawning has likely begun. EDSM caught three marked DS in the lower Sacramento River, Confluence, and Sacramento Deepwater Ship Channel during the week of 2/13/23. Two marked and one unmarked Delta Smelt were salvaged at the CVP since 2/14, for a season expanded total of 32. * Last week, Longfin Smelt sub-adults and adults were detected at Chipps, the Western Delta, and Suisun Marsh and Suisun Bay. Spawning is ongoing and LFS larvae have most recently been detected in the lower San Joaquin River, lower Sacramento River, confluence, Suisun Bay, and downstream to San Pablo Bay. Five adult LFS have been salvaged at the CVP and one adult LFS at SWP this WY for an expanded total of 24. * (updated 2/20/2023) |

Table 2a-b: WY 2023 relevant Fish and Environmental Criteria and Status in 2019 Reclamation LTO Action Cumulative loss for the duration of 2019 Biological Opinion began upon signature of ROD, 2/19/2020.

Table 2a: WY 2023 Salmonid Current Loss and Delta Smelt Abiotic Conditions. Additional Real-Time OMR Restrictions and Performance Objectives (4.10.5.10.2, 4.10.5.10.3) and Onset of OMR Management (4.10.5.10.1). Genetic identification of salmon is not used in calculating loss, but results are included in the Assessment as they become available. The Final WR JPE for BY2022 is 49,924.

| Species/run | Threshold | Current Status | Weekly Trend | Updated |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Green sturgeon | WY 2023 salvage = 74 | WY 2023 salvage = 0 (0%) | No change expected | 2/20/2023 |
| Natural winter-run Chinook Salmon | WY 2023 loss = 292  (50% of 1.17% of JPE) | WY 2023 loss = 50.91 (17.4%) | Possible salvage | 2/20/2023 |
| Natural Steelhead | Dec 1 – Mar 31 = 707 (50% of 1,414)  Apr 1 – June 15 = 776 (50% of 1,552) | WY 2023 loss = 184.26  Dec 1 – Mar 31 = 184.26(26.06%)  Apr 1 – June 15 = 0 (0%) | Possible salvage | 2/20/2023 |
| Sacramento River Hatchery winter-run Chinook salmon | WY 2023 loss = 114.6 (50% of 0.12% of JPE) | WY 2023 loss = 0 (0%) | Possible salvage | 2/20/2023 |
| Battle Creek  Hatchery winter-run Chinook salmon | WY 2023 loss = 40 (1% of JPE) | WY 2023 loss = 0 (0%) | No change expected | 2/20/2023 |
| Proposed Action Hatchery yearling spring-run Chinook salmon surrogates | > 0.5% of each release group  1) 12/5/2022 group 1:  71,057 = 355.3  2) 12/23/2022 group 2:  66,735 = 333.7  3) 1/13/2023 group 3:  60,712 = 303.6 | WY 2023 loss =  1) 127.5 (35.9%)  2) 141.3 (42.3%)  3) 8.6 (2.83%) | Possible salvage | 2/20/2023 |
| Delta Smelt | After Dec. 1:  Running 3-day avg. flows at Freeport >25,000 cfs  Running 3-day avg. turbidity at Freeport =>50 FNU | Freeport 3-day avg.  Flow = Not relevant  Turbidity = Not relevant | Triggered 12/31/22, ended 01/16/23 | 1/23/2023  Data from 1/22/2023 |
| Delta Smelt | Daily avg. Turbidity at OBI=>12 FNU | OBI Daily Average = 10.8 NTU/FNU | In effect, not triggered; implemented 1/17/2023-2/8/2023; ripe females detected by SKT on 2/8/2023 have off-ramped Turbidity Bridge Avoidance | 2/20/2023 |
| Delta Smelt | Daily avg. Temperature at CCF > 25°C for three consecutive days | CCF daily avg. Temperature = Not relevant | Not relevant | 12/20/2022 |

Table 2b. 10-Year Salmonid Cumulative Loss

| Species/run | Threshold | Current Status | Updated |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Natural winter-run Chinook salmon | Loss = 8,738 | Cumulative loss =  309.76 (3.5%) | 2/20/2023 |
| Hatchery winter-run Chinook salmon | Loss = 5,356 | Cumulative loss =  6.71 (0.13%) | 2/20/2023 |
| Natural steelhead | Loss = 6,038 (Dec 1 – Mar 31) Loss = 5,826 (Apr 1 – June 15) | Cumulative loss =  725.56 (12.01%, Dec 1 – Mar 31)  474.5 (8.1%, Apr 1 – June 15) | 2/20/2023 |

Table 3a-d: Relevant Water Year 2023 Fish Criteria and Status for Listed Fish under the SWP Long-Term Incidental Take Permit.

Table 3a: Chinook Salmon

\* Based on NMFS letter received on 1/20/2023, Final WR JPE for BY2022 is 49,924.

\*\* Based on the lab results received (up to sample date 1/17/23), there was no natural WR identified through genetic verification process

| Action | Timeframe | Current Action Status | Threshold(s) | Current Relevant Data | Weekly Trend | Last  Updated | Comments |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| OMR Mgmt.  triggered (8.3.2) | Jan. 1 - Jun. 30  *(when ≥ 5% of spring-run or winter- run in*  *Delta)* | Not in effect | -5% of the  Winter-run or Spring-run population in  Delta | N/A | N/A | 12/18/22 |  |
| Winter-run yearly loss  (8.6.1) | Nov. 1 - Jun. 30 | In effect | 584.11 (based on final JPE)\* | WR loss: 50.19\*\* | Possible salvage | 2/20/23 | Based on salvage data from 2/19/23 |
| Winter-run discrete daily loss (8.6.2) | Nov. 1 - Dec. 31 | Not in effect | 12/1-12/31: loss of 26/day unclipped older juv. Winter-run | Daily loss from 12/18 unclipped WR salvage: 17.54 fish/TAF<26 fish/TAF | Possible salvage | 1/3/23 | Based on salvage data from 12/18/22 |
| **Mid and late season Winter-run daily loss threshold (8.6.3)** | Jan 1 – May 31 | **In effect** | 2/1/23 -2/28/23 Daily loss of **older juvenile** greater than 4.95;  Updated with genetic results as they become available. If genetics confirms the older juvenile is NOT a WR then COA will offramp. | No older juvenile has been salvaged since last SaMT meeting | Possible salvage | 2/20/23 | Based on salvage data from 2/19/23 |
| Spring-run surrogate protection  (8.6.4) | Feb. 1 - Jun. 30 | In effect | TBD (based on the number of fish released\*) | No update on release date yet. | N/A | 2/20/23 | \*Releases have not occurred yet for COA 8.6.4. |

Table 3b: Delta Smelt

| Action | Timeframe | Current Action Status | Threshold(s) | Current Relevant Data | Weekly Trend | Last Updated | Comments |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Integrated Early Winter Pulse Protection ('First Flush') (8.3.1) | Dec. 1 - Jan. 31 | Off-ramped 1/17/2023 | - three-day Freeport daily flow running avg>= 25,000 AND  [three-day Freeport turbidity running avg >=50 NTU OR Smelt Monitoring Team recommendation] | FPT flow: Not relevant  FPT turbidity: Not relevant | Decreasing | 1/30/23 |  |
| Turbidity Bridge Avoidance (8.5.1) | Dec. 15 -  Apr. 1 | In effect, not triggered; implemented 1/17/2023-2/8/2023 | Occurs after the Integrated Early Winter Pulse protection or February 1 (whichever comes first) until April 1  -avg. OBI turbidity>12 FNU | OBI = 10.38 FNU | Decreasing | 2/21/23 | Data from 2/20/23 |
| Larval and/Juvenile Delta smelt Protection (8.5.2) | ongoing | In effect, not triggered | - If 5-day cum. salvage of juv.DS >= 1[average 3-yrFMWT index + 1], then –5000 OMR  - If DS in SLS/20mm or 3-d temp at Jersey Point >= 12C, and SLS/20mm Secchi for 12 south delta stations <= 1m, then –3500 OMR | Current 5-day salvage = 0  3-day SJJ temp = 10.02  SLS 4 avg Secchi = 82 cm | No change expected | 2/21/23 | Data from 2/21/23 |

Table 3c: Longfin Smelt

| Action | Timeframe | Current Action Status | Threshold(s) | Current Relevant Data | Weekly Trend | Last Updated | Comments |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Early Adult Protection (8.3.3) | Dec. 1 - Feb. 28 | Off-ramped | -Cum. salvage > [most recent FMWT/10] =40 fish (Sept.-Dec. Index) OR  -Smelt Monitoring Team determines high likelihood of LFS movement into high-risk areas | Cum salvage total = 24 | No change expected | 2/21/23 | First salvage on 1/1/23. |
| OMR Mgt. for Adults (8.4.1) | Dec. 1 -Feb. 28 | Off-ramped | -Smelt Monitoring Team recommendation | N/A | N/A | 12/27/22 |  |
| Larval and Juvenile Longfin Smelt Entrainment Protection (8.4.2) | Jan 1 – Jun 30 | In effect, triggered | -LFS larvae or juveniles in >=4 SLS or 20 mm stations in central and south Delta, OR  -LFS catch/tow >5 larvae or juveniles in >=2stations | SLS #4: 6 larvae at station 809, 2 at 812, 1 at 901, and 1 at 902 in the central and south Delta | None expected | 2/21/23 | SLS 4 was in the field 2/13 - 2/17 |
| High Flow OMR Off-Ramp for Longfin Smelt (8.4.3) | Based on the status of 8.3.3, 8.4.1, & 8.4.2 | In effect, not triggered | -Sac. R. at Rio Vista>55,000, OR  SJR at Vernalis >8,000 | Rio Vista = 12,000 – 16,000 cfs  SJ = 3,000 to 3,500 cfs | N/A | 2/20/23 |  |

Table 3d: OMR

| Action | Timeframe | Current Action Status | Threshold(s) | Current Relevant Data | Weekly Trend | Last Updated | Comments |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| OMR Storm Flexibility (8.7) | Jan 1 – Jun 30 | Not in Effect | -Delta is in excess  -QWEST is > 0  -Measurable amount of precipitation has occurred  -None of COA’s are controlling operations (8.3.1, 8.3.3, 8.4.1, 8.4.2, 8.5.1, 8.5.2, 8.6.1, 8.6.2, 8.6.3, 8.6.4)  -Cumulative salvage at CVP and SWP of yearling CNFH LFR Chinook salmon (as yearling CHNSR surrogates) is < 0.5% with any of the release groups  -Risk Assessments conducted by the SaMT/SMT determines no changes in spawning, rearing, foraging, sheltering, or migration behavior as a result of OMR Flex operations beyond those are likely to occur. | N/A | N/A | 1/3/23 | Based on storm conditions |
| OMR  Mgmt.  Offramp  (8.8) | Jun. 1 – Jun. 30 | Not in effect | ->95% of the Winter-run and Spring run populations have migrated past Chipps Island AND  -Current daily average water temperature at Mossdale and Prisoners Point.   * Days exceeded: Criteria met as of 6/16/2022 |  | N/A | 10/10/22 |  |

Table 4: Fish monitoring gear efficiency and disruptions. Status Categories: [1] Active (ongoing sampling), [2] Partial Interruption (some sampling interruptions), [3] Interrupted (sampling fully suspended), [4] Not Active (sampling not scheduled)

| Monitoring survey | Region | Notes (as of 2/21/2023) | Status |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| SWP regular counts, CWT reading | Delta | Active | 1 |
| SWP larval sampling | Delta | Not Active | 4 |
| CVP regular counts, CWT reading | Delta | Active | 1 |
| CVP larval sampling | Delta | Not Active | 4 |
| Smelt Larval Survey | Delta | Active | 1 |
| LEPS | Delta | Active | 1 |
| 20mm Survey | Delta | Not Active | 4 |
| Spring Kodiak Trawl | Delta | Active | 1 |
| Fall Mid-water Trawl | Delta | Not Active | 4 |
| Summer Townet Survey | Delta | Not Active | 4 |
| Bay Study | Delta | Active | 1 |
| DJFMP- Chipps and Sacramento Trawls | Delta | Active (sampling three days a week starting in May) | 1 |
| DJFMP- Seines | Delta | Active | 1 |
| EDSM | Delta | Active | 1 |
| EMP | Delta | Active | 1 |
| Mossdale | Delta | Active | 1 |
| USGS Flow monitoring | Delta | Active | 1 |
| Red Bluff Diversion Dam Rotary Screw Trap (RST) | Sacramento River | Active | 1 |
| Knights Landing RST | Sacramento River | Active | 1 |
| Tisdale RST | Sacramento River | Active | 1 |
| GCID RST | Sacramento River | Not Active (Traps pulled out of river due to high flows on 12/27) | 4 |
| Yuba River (Hallwood) RST | Yuba River | Active – weekdays only | 1 |
| Redd dewatering and stranding surveys | Sacramento River | Not Active | 4 |
| Sacramento Carcass and Redd Surveys | Sacramento River | Active | 1 |
| Lower Sacramento RST | Sacramento River | Active | 1 |
| Feather River (upper DWR) RST | Feather River | Active | 1 |
| Feather River (lower CDFW) RST | Feather River | Active | 1 |
| SJRRP CDFW Field Monitoring | San Joaquin River | Active | 1 |
| SJRRP USFWS and USBR Field Monitoring | San Joaquin River | Not Active | 4 |
| Stanislaus Fish Weir | Stanislaus River | Active | 1 |
| American River Carcass/Redd Surveys | American River | Not Active | 4 |
| Caswell RST | Stanislaus River | Active | 1 |